WANTED-BOY-Of good manners and good habits, who will make binnelf generally tesfal. Apply at 40 West Fourth-st., up stairs, first floor, BE, STURM.

theful. Apply at the west routers, uests he first floor, BE, STURM.

WANTED—A young lady to sell cases and deliverphictures, in a Daguerrean gallery; one that has some knowledge of the business preferred. Address C., this office.

WANTED—CARPENTER, at No. 20 Fifthment, is prepared to make the cheapest Carristmas Flotures in the city. Rooms 20 Fifthment, between Main and Walnut.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a gentleman of business capacity, as salesman, clark, do, either in city or counter. Good reference given. Address, immediately, S. G., Press Office. delish ANTED-PARTNER-With \$300 or \$400, in a business that pays 5100 to \$200 per month. Apply at the office of the Southgate House turnediately.

WANTED-A PURCHASER-For a right gen-teel and profitable business; a rare chance for an active business mate with Sixe cash capital. Ap-ply to HALE & CO., 128 Walmut-st. dalr-by

The second section of the second section of the second section of the section of

water made.

ANWED To notify the ladies, so beautifully fitted in elegant dresses, cloaks and basques by MBS. Nivin (late of Elm st.), that Mrs. N. is willing to exercise her superior skill, for matural benefits, at 254 Seventh st., near John. dolans. benefits, at 254 Seventh at, near John. delt-b*

WANTED-Respectable girls to fill good situations, this week, in town and country. Ladies can obtain reliable help at the Metropolitan Female Employment Office, 55 Longworth at, 'between Rece and Elm. A lady attends.

WANTED-TO NEWSPAPER CARRIERS—If there are any that would like to sell out or give up carrying by dew Years, they can hear of a groung man by addressing F. J. C., Press Office, for three days.

WANTED—Men seeking situations as eleckly, salesmen, book-keepers, har-keepers, parters, waiters, coopers, carpenfers, mechanics and la-borers sheeds apply at the Morelmuto (horks Regis-try Office, 128 Walnut-st. del7-b* HALE&CO. WANTED-ONE DOLLAS Large Pictures, in good gilt frames, beautifully colored, worth \$5, for \$1, at CUWAN'S magnificent Gallery of Art, 22 Fifth-st. Size and style can be seen at the doer.

wanted—Cheap, fancy cases with beautifully colored liken-sees at rank prices; remember the place. APPLECATES, corner sith
and Main, eight-cent pictures thrown in; likenesses
in gilt frames for seventy-five cents, eight by ten
inches.

WANTED-A HOLIDAY GIFT-A beautifu ** all-colored portrait—it is importanable—for St an JOHNSON'S Gallery, Nieth and Main. Britis children between ten and one o'clock. Old picture copied and enlarged to oil colors. Ambrotypes to cents. WANTED-TO EXCHANGE—An improved eighty-acre form in Lagalle County, Illinois, near railtroeds, markets, water and timber, for a dwelling-house on Walnut Hills or in the subarbs of Checianati. Address A. W. F., Press office. [colf-gi

WANTED-EIGHT CENTS-For Pictures, in good cases, at COWAN'S magnificent Gallery of Art, 92 fifth-st. Large Pictures, incolored, for fiften cents, in cases. Thousands of Fancy Cases are striving duly for the Holidays. [doi:1-b]

ANTED-All the ladies who want bargains in Bonnets, Hoop skirts, Clonks or Embrodderies, to attend the auction sale at 327 Central-av, between Eighth and Ninth, This (Monday) MORKING, at 0% o'clock, and at 2 in the afterneon, Also on TUESDAY, the 18th, at same heurs, deli-b* JAMES ORR, Auctioner. WANTED-MEN-With a capital of from \$1 to

criding to their address. For particulars address F. H. OSBOENE & CO., Cindanati Postoffice, L. Scal Agents call at Bacon's College, Sixth and Walont, office No. 4. For a sample of the article inclose six postage stamps. We offer a rare chance for a good speculation in neighboring cities.

BOARDING.

BOAR DING - A contisman and his wife, and few single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board at 115 Elm st. Terms low. dell-b* BOAR DING One or two single gentlemen, of a gentlemen and wife, can be accommodate with a pleasant room and board at 298 West Fifth at. Day board \$7 per week. BOARDING -Five or six gentlemen can be at commodated with board and recans. Also, few day boarders, at 21.5 timest. Terms moderate (delic-le*)

DOARDING—Three or four gentiemes can be accummodated at 1 % George et., corner o Smith. One frost room unfurbidied, for a man such its wife. Booms supplied with coal and gas. Term casemable, to suit the times.

BOARDING—A gentleman and lady or two single gentlemen can be accommodated with a newly-furnished room and beard in an Esseria family, at 77 George st., second door above Plum-et Terms teasonable. doi:7-be BOARDING-ONE FINE BOOM-With clos ets, gas, etc. suitable for a gentleman au lady, or two gentlemen wishing to room tegether can be obtained by applying at 61 East Sourth-at Also a few more gentlemen accommodated, deir-b POARDING—A lady and gontleman can be ac-mished or unfurnished, with board in a private fam-ity, located in the north-eastors part of the city, at very reasonable terms. Apply at 378 Main-street, near Court.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-CIGARS-A lot of fine old He vana Cigare, cheap, at 32. N. E. corner of camore-st, by calling immediately. del5-f* FOR SALE-BATTERY—An Electric Galvanio Eastery, for medical purposes, Will be sold cheap, if applied for seon, at No. 177 Court-at, be-tween Bare and Elm-sts. dels-by-TOR SALE-Twelve Omnibuses on Back,
ene four-horse Wagon, Spring Wagons, Buggiss, etc. Apply to J. B. PALMER, Bank-st.
[1030-xcaw]

POE SALE-A STOCK OF GROUBEIES-Together with Lease of Store, five rooms, kitchen,
cylar and back-yard. The House is in good order,
and admited to a greery or boarding-house. Address 638 Sixth-st. neis Carr.
dels-by-ROR SALE—A part, or all, of the furniture of a genteel boarding-house, perfectly new. To a person wanting to start a boarding-house this is a good chance, as the rent is low and the house convenient. Address G. L. E., at this office. del7-b* FOR SALK-SALOON-A well-located saloon with fatures, at a barpain. It is doing a good business, and is offered an account of leaving the city. Call at No. 34 West Sixth-street, or address H. M. A., at Press Office. TOR NALE-A BARGAIN-In ninety across of excellent land, two niles sunth of the city of covington, on the Taylor null Tunnite. Teathries of the surches money can be made in Wastern lands. This is a rare opportunity. SAMUEL A. SARGENT, No. 2 Apollo Buildings, north-west corper of Fifth and Walnut-sta.

FOR EXCHANGE.

POR EXCHANGE-PROPERTY—I bereall
of the bellowing Property to exchange for City
Property, and pay a part cash, if required;
the zeros well improved, in Highland bounty, Ohio;
the seros well improved, in Highland bounty, Ohio;
on acres well improved, in Sachby County, Ohio;
of sames well improved, in Hamilton County, Ohio;
if agrees well improved, in Marion County, Ohio;
on meas well improved, in Marion County, Ohio;
on meas well improved, in Mources County, ind.
ALSO-I want a Farm on the Hamilton and Dayton Hallyrad, near a station, worth from \$6,000 to
\$15,000. Bust be a No. I warm and stunded as above,

J. B. TAYLOR, Real Estate Agent,
dess-c. 178 Vincest., second floor,

LOST.

GST-MONEY-Near Sinih-street, west side of Monnd, \$110-five Twonties and one Ten dollar biff on Kentucky banks. The fluder will be saits-factorily rewarded by retirraing the same to I. S. WHITE, NO. \$60 walnut-st. Olls. Commercial and Yokkeblatt copy is and chg. Frees 1 OST-POCKET-BOOK-In Covington on the is a great least of several set which is a great least to the evener. She will be thankful to the finder by leaving it at LITHLA HDS & BLOST corrier I seenth and George pass, where they will be reasonably rewarded.

AUCTION SALES.

A LCTION SALE-BY WELLS & MILES—A Auction-rooms to. 25 Pearl streat.—Boots, shows, Bremains, Hats, and Cape at Auction.—On TUENDAY MORNING, December 15, we will sell at 9 celebra, 2 general variety of Hen v. Brys., Youthe sind infants Boots and Bregams; Women, Misseed and Children's pergod and sewed Boots, &c. M. B.—Sh to of Dry Geoda, Shirts, &c., on Wednesday, December 19.

A UCTION SALE—BY WELLS & MILES.—A Auction-rooma, No. 25 Pearls.—Stage and Early Geode, Lipen, Marseiller, Shirts, &c., at Auction-for WEDNESDAY MOENING, December 19, we will sell at 9 o'clock, a general variety of Schemabo Stagle and Fancy Dry Geode.

Also—An invoice of Linen Bosoms and Marseiller Shirts, Mering Shirts, Drawers, &c. della LUCION & ALEGA - An Envoice of Linen Bosoms and Marseiller Shirts, Mering Shirts, Drawers, &c. della LUCION & ALEGA - A. (Bring Shirts, Drawers, &c. della LUCION & ALEGA - B. (Bull Blank)

A UCTION SALE-BY S. G. HUBBARD. Books at Auction. - On WEDNESDAY as An Books at Auction.— On WEDNISDAY and THURSHAY EYENINGS December 19 and 20, at a viciotic will be sold at Trade-enies Record No. 21 West Fifthest, up stairs, by catalogue, a large and valuable collection of miscellaneous books, comprising a variety of popular and standard works, in rich and elegant binding, invenies and other gift books, antiable for heliday presents.

N. B.—Catalogues are published and the books are now onen for examination. de16-c

dels-c

Times copy.

A UCTION SALE-BY JACOB GRAFF & CO. English German and American Engraving. Water and Jil Frints, Chromes, Lithingraphs, Steel Manzonini and Rue Lee Engraving, Water and Jil Frints, Chromes, Lithingraphs, Steel Manzonini and Rue Line Engraving, with very rich G. Id Frames. Will be sold at Fublic Auction on TUES. DAY MORNING, December 12th, 1850, at half partition of clock, at our store, No. 18 East, Fourth-ot, Among them are a great variety of Baster 8 Oil Prints, Hunt's Comic Sketches Shebhod in Water-Colora, Washington and his Generals, the linest Steel Engraving published in America, to point of Inhi and shade and Position of Surray, acc, Little Samuel, very fine Steel Original Copy, scarce, Evangeline, from the original plate, which has been destroyed; a few very fine English Prints, proch before letters; one set a nadell Bong, very The, Washington enterines, harde Landesupe in Oil, Christines, Position, Cray in the Scanter Fench Lithographs, come very fine, copies from Ausdell, Bong, very The, Washington enterines, harde Landesupe in Oil. Torreer, and others.

This is the best selection, Michael Angelo, Vernat, Murillo, Torreer, and others.

This is the best selection of the Christmas Presents, and in worder, well see provided for ladies, who are invited to attend this cale. The Pictures will be calculated in the cartesian tention.

A UCTION SALE—BY G. A. JOSEPH.—Chear-Manney Sale of Boats and Engravary as at No.

A LOTTION SALE BY G. A. JOSEPH. ClearA log-out Sale of Books and Engravings, at No.
157 Main-st., West Side, above Fourth.—Till'S
Abounday) and TO-MORROW (Tuesday) EVESNGS, December II and IS, commencing each evening at To 'clock. The Books comprise a large coljection of Miscellaneous Works, Cheap Publicatians. Agricultural Books, Gift Books, Juvenile
Books, etc. The Engravings are by the best French
and German Artists.
To be sold without reserve.

A UTTION SALE—By WELLS & MILES, and Caps at anotten—We will sell, on TUESDAY MORNING, December 18, at 9 o'clock, a general variety of men, boys, youths, and infants' kip, cally and grain boots and brogans. Wemen, misses, and children's pegged and sewed hoot boots, &c. 8.8.—Sale of Dry Goods, Shirts, &c., on WED-NESDAY, December 19.

WELLS & MILES, Auctioneers, WELLS & MILES, Auctioneers, WELLS & MILES, Auctioneers, de16

hocs, &c.

N. B.—The attention of buyers is invited to this sale, as every case has to be sold positively.

del5 THOMAS JOHNSTON, Auctioneer. A l'CTION SAILE—By THOMAS JOHNSTON—
Sales-rooms No. 93 Main-st., next to Trust
Company Bank.—Large positive sale of Dry Goods,
Tailors Goods, Clothing, Blankets, &c., at Auction.
On TUESDAY MORNING, December 1s, commencing at balf-most nine o'clock, will be sold,
without reserve, the entire stock of a Jobhinghouse, consisting of a general ansortment of Staple
and Fancy Dry Goods, Clothines' Goods, Readymade Clothing, Blankets, Heslery, Comforts,
Hoods, Gives, Rich Dress Goods, Notions, &c.
ALEO—Large lot of Sci Hats, Cape, Fars, Wool
Jackets, Undershirst and Drawers, &c.
ALEO—Large lot of Brown and Bleached Muslins,
with 150 places Kentucky Jeans.
dc1b THOMAS JOHNSTON, Auctioneer.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT-Cottage 161 Smith-st., between Third and Fourth, containing four rooms. Apply to R. S. SMITH. 36 West Fourth-st. dels-b* FOR RENT-FOUR ROOMS-At 106 West Eighth at, near Race. Inquire in the Confec-tionary, North-east corner Race and Eighth, [dcl5-07]

(dels-b*)

FOR RENT-RODMS-Two or three desirable electring-rocms furnished, for single goatlemen, luquite at 137 Main-street, between Third and Fourth.

FOR RENT-A Furnished Bed-room, front roem, second floor, with gas, fire and other conveniences. For terms apply at 68 Long worth-st, between Elm and Race, dels-b*.

between Elm and Raca.

FOR RENT-A STORE—With two Rooms attached, at SA Wade-st., opposite the Market. Also, Rooms to rent. Apply at north-east corner Twelfth and Central-sy.

FOR RENT-Several furnished rooms, with gas, fire and all conveniences, in a new brick house. For particulars apply at 319 Vinest, between Eighth and Ninth.

FOR RENT-Seven very nice ROOMS, over a persons need apply. Rent invariably in advanca-fils per month. Apply to L. D. WATSON, North west cor. Elm and Phird-sts. FOR REAT-DWELLING-HOUSE-145 Clin-ton-strict, in good repair, and provided with hydraut, cistern, gas-fixtures, &c. Rent Si5 per month, in advance Apply at Western Union Tele-graph Office, cor. Thirs and Wa'nut. dels-tr

graph Ottoe, cor. Third and Warnut.

FOR RENT-BOARDING-ROUSE-With and long attached, and fixtures for sale cheap, in a good locality. Apply to N.J. CHAPIN & Co., at the City Employment Office, 187 Walnut-st, above the Gilsen House.

FOR RENT-A well-situated few house of six rooms; cellar, cistern, atabie and grounds attached, five minutes walk from Fifth st, Ferry, in West Corington. Rout Si5 per menth. Apply to JOHN W. CLARE, 52 West Thirdst, dels-by FOR RENT-TO BUTCHERS AND OTHERS. A Montesore, and the Fixtures for sale, Possession given January 1, 1861, Location good. Apply on the premises, 246 West Third-street, near Central-avenue. Central-avenue. del8-b*

ROBE RENT-HOUSE-On Wainut Hills;
dwelling of eight rooms, in the bost repair,
situated on Remper-atreet, near Lane Seminary,
Aprly to the occupant, A. B. FENTON, or at No.
33 Wainut-st., for particulars.

STRAYED.

STRAYED-OR STOLEN-A medium-sized red Milch Cow, with small horns. Any one leaving information concerning her with the Dopot-smaster, at Cumminaville, will be like-nly rewarded. del8-b* JOHN C. SULLIVAN.

FOUND.

FOUND-DOG-A stray young Newfoundland log. The owner may apply at the Foundary, dels-b*

STEAMBOATS. THIS DAY, DECEMBER IS, AT 5 P. M. For Parkersburg, Marietta and Wheeling.
STEAMER LIBERTY, CAPT. BOOTH

dels T. McBURNIE, Agent.

S WM. WILSON MCGREW, S JEWELER, South-west Corner Main and Fourth-sts. CINCINNATI, OHIO.

tohes repaired by experience

WRITING

fourteen to seventy years of age, no matter how badly they write, or if they never wrote in their lives, CAN BE TAUGHT a fine, free and elegant hand, in a few easy lessens, by HENDERSON'S SYSTEM,

ultion can be seen at the Writing Rooms,

229 Central-av., below Sixth-st. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

COVINGTON. THE FAIR

FOR THE HOSPITAL ON SEVENTH-STREET, Covington, will open ON MONDAY, DECEMBER 17, AT ODD-FEL-LOWS' HALL,

This institution is intended for the sick poor, without distinction or preference. It is in glavare of the Segular Esculiy of Medicine, Des Backburn, Boil and Delte being the attendant physicians for the cusuing three mentis.

The democrate charge and number is committed to the decaped Sisters of Chiarity, who give their on-tire lives to those duties.

City News.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS - By Henry Ware, No. 7 West Fourth-st., December 17: O'clock. Barometer. 7 A. M. 99.77 12 M. 99.77 12 M. 99.77 16 P. M. 99.75

LETTERS DETAILED FOR WART OF POSTAGE, Monday, December 17, 1860; W. Cook, Manchester, Ky. Charles Mcor, Florence, Ind. Joseph Ruff, Renton, O. Mrs. Ada D. Adams, New Grisans, La. Notice.-Chas. A. Curtis is our regular carrier on the route bounded as follows: North side of Fifth, south of Eighth, east of Main and west of Miami Canal, and is the

only person authorized or entitled to collect for subscriptions. JOHN C. HERNAN.—The reception of the Benicia Boy, last night, was enthusiastic. Loud and prolonged cheering greeted the youth who challenged the British champion to a contest for the supremacy of his own field, and who bere himself so bravely

field, and who bore himself so bravely through the fight, and was cheated out of his award, but not of his victory nor his honors. The performance was opened by skirmishing between Ned Price, of Boston, and Charley Porkins, of New York, and John Mackay, and several other lightweights, and by Mons. Gregoire, with his fifty-sixes, anvils, and other heavy-weights. When the appetite had been sufficiently sharpened by these light dishes, Heenan and Aaron Jones appeared, and after the enthusiasm of the audience had vented itself, they proceeded to go through some of the motions of the fight at Farnborough. It is worth a dollar to see the man who, before he had of the fight at Farnborough. It is worth a dollar to see the man who, before he had fairly proved himself, met the terrible Sayers, surrounded by a crowd of hostile bullica. But a combat on the stage lacks heart. It does not thrill the soul with that cestacy which is excited by real knocks, bunged peepers, piping-lungs, flowing-elaret and jellified-mugs.

lified-mugs.

Yet it was something to what the appetite Yet it was something to whet the appetite for serious work, and excite the arabition of the rising generation; and as muscular training is to be introduced into our public schools, this exhibition may be regarded as identified with the glorious cause of popular education. But few ladles were present; a thing to be regretted, as the emotions of the mothers have an important influence on the rising generation. Btill the exhibition was an important step in the progress of our civilization toward the apotheosis of muscle.

SCHOOL BOARD .- Proceedings Last Night The Board met at the usual hour last night, President King in the Chair. The minutes of the previous evening were read and ap-The resignation of Miss Julia Stephens, o

the First District, was received, and the usual certificate awarded. Anthony Mann, Lyman Harding, jr., Mary Annony Mann, Hyman Indiang, Jr., Mary Jane Roweshong, were appointed assistant teachers in the First District, at salaries of \$20 per month cach; and Miss Ellen Kerr as writing teacher, at \$5 per month. Mrs. Macklefresh was appointed janitress of the Fourth District School, at a salary of

of the Fourth District School, at a salary of \$10 per month.

An appropriation of \$75 was made to provide for plans and specifications for a new school-house on the Este lot, on Ninth-street. The whole subject was then referred to the building committee, with instructions to report at the next meeting. The estimated cost is from \$25,000 to \$27,000.

Wm. Brickley was appointed teacher in the Eighth District, at a salary of \$25 per month.

On motion, the schools were ordered to be

dismissed on Friday next, till Wednesday, January 2. January 2.

An appropriation of \$2,350 was made to pay the interest on the School Bonds, coming due on the 1st proximo. Adjourned.

REDISTRICTING OF THE CITY-Meeting of the Special Committee.—The Special Committee on redistricting the city held a meeting yesterday afternoon, and passed a reso-lution in favor of making twenty Wards, and appointed a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Torrence, Weasner and Hirst, to prepare the details. It is believed that a re-port will be submitted in favor of an entire change in the wards, so that regularity in the numbers may be introduced. The Sev-enteenth Ward will be the First, the Third Ward the Second, &c. At present the Sev-enteenth Ward is at the extreme east end, and the Sixteenth at the extreme west end, which is productive of considerable incon-venience to strangers. A report will probably be submitted to Council on Wednesday

evening next. ORPHANS' FAIR.—The crisis has enlarged the demands upon all kinds of benevolence. It should be met by increased effort and enlarged charity. The character of our people warrants the belief that it will be. The regular benevolent associations are liable to have their means curtailed at such a time as this, when their need is greatest. Men cheerfully submit to sacrifices for war, and contribute generously for political contests: contribute generously for political contests; surely they will not shrink from the calls of benevolence. We print in this paper a call for a meeting of the St. Peter's Benevolent Society, in relation to the coming Orphans' Fair.

COUNTY MATTERS,-The County Commis-sioners, yesterday, passed the following or-

ders:
To H. Kuhlman, to work for jail, \$7 70;
to pay-roll of jail \$105 91; to C. A. Scales,
twenty-five oar-stems for new jail, \$18 25;
total, \$141 86.

total, \$141 86.

Wm. Pine was discharged from jail on account of enablity to pay fine.

The contract for building superstructure of Swift's Bridge, Sycamore Township, was awarded to Jackson Benson, at \$4 96 per foot. There were twelve blds for the work, the highest of which was \$8 75 per foot.

Diploma for Hair-lined Boots.—Among the diplomas awarded by the Mechanics' In-stitute Fair of this city, was one to M. O'Neil, No. 238 Fifth-street, two doors west of Plum, for his celebrated hair-lined water-proof boots, warranted to resist the cold of the Asstic regions.

Arctic regions.
P. S.—I feel confident that M. O'Neil will give equal satisfaction in the manufacturing of the hair-lined boots that I did, as he had the chief management of them for the last six years, and I am satisfied that no man can make them as well. JAMES ESHELBY.

Mm-pay Rossesy. — Yesterday, between eleven and twelve o'clock, the drug store, corner of Gest and Freeman-streets, was entered, and about \$40 stolen. The pro-prietor had absented himself for a few minutes, and on his return discovered that the door had been broken open, and the money drawer robbed.

TIRAL OF COUNTERPRITERS .- Mossrs. Drake and Sellman, whose arrest, for manufactur-ing bogus coin, we noticed yesterday, will be examined before Judge Lowe, to-morrow. It is believed that circumstances will be developed which will lead to the detection of a large number of their confederates.

St. Peten's BENEVOLENT SOCIETY .- The members of this society are requested to meet in the basement of the Cathedral, this, Tuessay, evening, at half-past seven o'clock, to take action upon attending the Orphans' Fair. CHAS. CONAHAN, President. WM. B. BARRY, Secretary.

Police Court.—Judge Lowe disposed of sixty-six cases in the Police Court yes-terday, of which the following is the most important:
Wm. Hetisheimer was held over in the sum of \$500 for his appearance in the Court of Common Pleas, for stabbing John Albris.

LIVE AND LET LIVE.—A. E. Barbour, 140
West Fifth-street, is determined to live
through these hard times, by selling ladies',
misses', and childrens' and gents' boots and
shoes, at such prices, that the public can live
also. All his shoes are warranted and custerm made.

Union Meeting in the Seventeenth Ward-Proposition to Extend the Pugitive-Slave Law to Canada—The Republicans Pro-

A Union Meeting was hold in the Seventeenth Ward on Saturdey evening last. The attendance was not large, but considerable feeling was manifested. The call was directed to the citizens without distinction of party, and all political views were represented. On motion, R. Tealon was called to the Chair, and J. Bean appointed Secretary.

As the object of the meeting was to allay the bitter animosities distracting the country, it was necessary that resolutions, expressive of the sense of the meeting, should be passed. In order that this might be done, a committee of three, consisting of Messra. Welsh, Hambleton and F. C. Jones, was ap-After a long session, the following report, igned by Messrs. Hambleton and Jones, was

"We, the people of the Seventeenth Ward, "We, the people of the Seventeenth Ward, of Cincinnati, convened without distinction of party, to consider the alarming aspect of affairs, grateful to God that we live under a free and peaceful [Union, mindful of the long and heroic struggle by which our fathers gained this liberty, and the noble forbearance and sabrifices of personal and local opinions and interests by which they made this Union, and firmly intending that, so far as in us lies, their example shall not be lost in this crisis of our country's fate; Therefore,

lar as in us ness, their example shall not be lost in this crisis of our country's fate; Therefore,

"Resolved: That we, the citizens of the Seventeenth Ward, having a deep and abiding faith that the Constitution of our country—under which we have prospered so long, and lived so happily—if administered and continued in the spirit and manner as it was by our fathers, that most, if not all of the unhappy difficulties which now overwhelm us would be removed.

"Resolved: That we deem it the duty of the Executives of all the States which have laws upon their statute-books, conflicting with the Constitution and Laws of the United States, to immediately couvene their respective Legislatures, and earnestly recommend the repeal of the same, and furthermore, that our Representatives in Congress urge the passage of a law, conferring the right of transit and temporary sojourn with their property, of the citizens of any portion of our country, in any and all the States and Territories of the Union.

"2. Resolved: That we deem it just that the Government of the United States should the states and Territories of the Union.

the Government of the United States should endeavor to treat with the Government of Great Britain for the rendition of fugitives from labor or service, in all her North American possessions.

duty of all good citizens, when called upon to assist in the execution of the laws of the United States.
"5. Resolved: That we recommend to the citizens of the several wards, precincts and townships of all the counties throughout the State, to meet and express their views upon

State, to meet and express their views upon the questions row agitating the public mind.

"6. Resolved: That the mere idea of the dissolution of the Union, purchased by the blood of the heroes of '76, and transmitted to us as a priceless horitage by our fathers, strikes us with horror, and sickens the hearts of all men who prize liberty above despotism. despotism.

"I. Resolved: That we, the citizens of the Seventeenth Ward, having a just and full appreciation of the importance of, and blessings flowing from the Union, and desiring to transmit it to our children, pure and unsullied as we received it from our fathers, pledge ourselves ever ready to defend, under any and all circumstances, the Union of the States, and declare ourselves for 'the Union, one and inseparable, now and forever!'"

one and inseparable, now and forever!"

Mr. Welch stated that he agreed with the
balance of the committee in reference to the resolutions, but not as to the preamble. He proposed one which charged the Republican

proposed one which charged the Republican party with throwing the country into its present distracted condition.

Although the meeting was called without distinction of party, the Republicans were carefully excluded from all participation in the organization, and on the committee, and it was soon discovered that, instead of a Union gathering, it was simply anti-Republican, and as there were a number present who voted for Mr. Lincoln, they determined to avail themselves of the opportunity prewho voted for Mr. Lincoln, they determined to avail themselves of the opportunity pre-screted to protest that they did not concur with the sentiment expressed in the report. Mr. Hooker, in their behalf, denounced

the resolutions in unmeasured terms, con-tending that the Republicans were not re-sponsible for the present crisis, and showing the utter absurdity of the proposition to re-turn fugitive-slaves from Canada. When the vote was taken the Republicans voted against the resolution, but being in the miagainst the resolution, but being in the mi-nority, it was adopted with loud cheers. Mr. Hooker then offered the following ad-

ional resolution:
"Resolved: That while we are willing and "Resolved: That while we are willing and ready to acknowledge the vested constitutional rights of the South in reclaiming their fugitives from justice, we, as citizens of a free State, can not but regard the treatment of many of our citizens, who are called South to attend to their legitimate business, but the most inhuman acts and in several by the most inhuman acts, and in several instances by actual death, without any at-tempt by the civil authorities to bring the perpetrators of such inhuman crimes to just-ice—as sufficient cause for us, as freemen, citizens of a free country, that acknowledge the inestimable right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, to demand a cessation of such inhuman treatment of persons who are charged with no crimes, nor guilty of any misdemeanor against the States that of-fer them no protection when assailed by a heartless mob."

This resolution, however, was voted-down,

after which the majority report was adopted, and the meeting adjourned, satisfied with having offered the South more than it ever saked.

THE attention of buyers is invited to the large stock of dry goods, tallors' goods, &c., to be peremptorily sold by Thomas John-ston, in Auction-rooms No. 93 Main-street, below Third, commencing at half-past nine o'clock this day (Tuesday), December 18.

LECTURE AT SMITH & NIXON'S HALL.—Rev. Kingston Goddard will deliver a lecture on the "Influence of our Republic," at Smith & Nixon's Hall, next Friday evening, the net proceeds of which will be appropriated to the benefit of the Bethel School.

A Useful Holiday Gift.—A good sewing-machine—every family should have one. Remember, the Grover & Baker Sewing-machine Company warrant and take care of all the machines they sell. No. 58 West

This morning, at 9½ o'clock, J. Graff & Co. sell at their store, No. 18 East Fourth-street, the largest and best collection of lithographs, engravings, &o., in gut frames, over offered at auction in this city. Some of them are truly beautiful.

A. S. Bloom, at his new gallery, No. 188
Fifth-street, between Eim and Plum, makes
pictures that can not be excelled. Those
who want a fine artistic picture should give

Connection.—In our notice of the arrest of Sellman, for manufacturing bogus coin, yesterday, we stated that he resided at 177 Sycamore-street; it should have been 117. Cand Whiting.—Cards written in a style not discreditable to lovers of beautiful chi-ography, by Wm. H. Starr, the celebrated card-writer, at the Gibson House.

WE are pleased to learn that Charlie M. Steele, a well-known news-agent of this city, has opened a news depot in the Postoffice Building, Chillicothe, Chio. Success to him.

GIFT BOOKS .- See advertisement of A. A. Kelley's books and gifts for the Helidays, Call and examine his stock at No. 28 West Fourth-street.

You can get a low-priced cloak at Steele's; but the best are the cheapest. WHILE & MILES sell boots, shoes, etc., at anction this morning. See advertisement,

AMUSEMENTS.

The crowded state of our columns pre-The crowded state of our columns prevents any thing but a brief mention this morning of the various amusements in the city. At Pike's Opera-house, the Midsummer Night's Dream, which arew a savge audience last evening, will be repeated to-night. Every one should see this magnificent spectacle. At the National Theater the Shemaker of Toulouse and the Orean Child are the attractions; at Wood's Theater the fine equestrian and acrobatic performances of Robinson & Lake's circus, at the Concert Hall of the Opera-house, Dollie Dutton's levees, and in the Art Hall of the same building Church's "Heart of the Andes." Hambujer, the royal wizard, as he is styled, will be here next week.

LAW REPORT.

Steamboat Fred Tren vs. Kinsey, Hinde & Co. To recover for freight and charges on 100 harrels of whicky; resisted on the ground that the charges were unreasonable, and were not due to the parties from whom volumit received the merchandies.

and were not due to the parties from whom plaintiff received the merchandise.

Judge Collins was of opinion that the charges were unreasonable, but defendants should have resisted before receiving the goods under the bill of lading.

CRIMINAL SIGE—Trial for the Homicide of Henry Skiliman.—The State vs. James Mc-Ciellan. Officer Reany testifies that he assisted in the arrest of the accused; and that the latter admitted to him that he had struck

sisted in the arrest of the accused; and that the latter admitted to him that he had struck at Skillman with a knife, but that the latter threw up his hand, and he did not know whether he struck him. He also added that he did this in self-defense.

On the part of the defense, Daniel Walker was called, and testified that a short time before the death of Skillman he was by his side, and asked him who stabbed him, and he replied that it was Wheeler. Witness he replied that it was Wheeler. Witness told him that be (8.) was dying, and asked him directly whether it was Wheeler, and he said "yes." The witness then had a warrant sworn out against Wheeler.

[Wheeler was taken before a Magistrate, and was discharged.] Some witnesses called by the defense testified that McClellan was a steady, industrious

PROBATE COURT. EXTRA ALLOWANCE CLAIMED BY AN EX-SCUTOR.—In the matter of the estate of Lewis Broadwell, deceased, an application made by R. C. Brashear for \$2,500, extra allowance, was refused by Judge Hitson, on the ground that the party had been allowed \$3,000 in 1857, for extra compensation, besides \$1,200 for commissions. for commissions.

RIVER NEWS.

The Ohio, opposite this port, has been falling rapidly since our last issue—nearly four feet in all-having begun to decline at an early hour on Sunday night, and last evening there were less than twenty-six feet

evening there were less than twenty-six feet in the channel at this point. The river at Pittsburg was still receding yesterday, with six and a half feet of water there, and weather cloudy and cold.

The steamer Conway, Captain Robins, was snagged and sunk in the Arkansas-River, recently, at Badgett's Landing, in five feet water. The Conway was a new boat.

The St. Louis papers learn from the officers of the Sam Gaty, from New Orleans, that the new steamer Lasalle, Captain Frank Rhoads, blew a whole sheet out of one of her boilers near Sto. Genevieve. The accident happened on Saturday. The Lasalle was bound from St. Louis for Cairo, with freight for the Henry Yon Phul, destined for New Orleans. The accident scalded several men, but no The accident scalded several men, but no

one was killed. one was killed.

Articals.—Sunday — Telegraph, Louisville; Magnolia, Magayrile; Col. Steele, Pittaburg; Poland, Nashville; Lebigh, St. Louis; Emerald, New Orleans. Monday—Superior, Louisville; Forest Queen, Madison; Fanny McBurnie, Deck; Atlan Collier, Kanawlas River; Silver Moon, Memphis; Neptune, Memphis; Dunletth, Neville; Liberty, Wheeling.

Departures.—Sunday—Telegraph, Louisville, Monday—Superior, Louisville; Forest Queen, Madison; Magnolia, Mayerille; Durletth, Neville; Fanny McBurnie, Marietta; Ross Bouglass, White River.

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

From Washington. Washington.
Washington, December 17.—The President sent to the Senate to-day the nomination of Attorney-General Black for the Secretaryship of State, which was confirmed, about one-third of the Senators voting against it. No other nominations were transmitted. Separate meetings of the delegations from Ohio and Pennsylvania are called for to-night, without regard to party. The Select Committee was in session four The Select Committee was in session fou hours to-day, and it is said the prospect of semething acceptable to the country has im-proved. Caleb Cushing, whose presence was requested in Washington, was in consulta-tion with the President this morning. Secretary Thompson left to-day for North Carolina. It is said, though he favors se-cession, he is friendly to the resumption of

relations with the free States when they give such constitutional guarantees as may Bloodshed is not apprehended in case
South Carolina demands the surrender of
Fort Moultrie. Major Anderson's instructions
are deemed such as will enable him to retain
an honorable position.

Rev. John Chambers, of Philadelphia,

opened the House with prayer to-day. He referred to the events in South Carolina, and implored that the country might be delivered

implored that the country might be delivered from the horrors of disunion.

At a meeting of the Pennsylvania delegation to-night, including the two Senators, Thaddeus Stevers alone being absent, the following was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That, in our judgment, it is the opinion of the people of Pennsylvania that the constitutional right of all sections should. be respected and secured, and that all the laws should be faithfully and promptly executed, and that the Union of the States, the Constitution and the laws, be maintained and enforced in all their integrity.'

Thurlow Weed. ALBANY, N. Y., December 17th.—The Evening Journal has a leading editorial from the pen of Thurlow Weed, taking strong conservative ground, and, while maintaining the constitutionality of the principles of the Republican Party, advising such a compromise as will settle the difficulties and avert the evils at present threatening the Union. the evils at present threatening the Union.

The compromises are thus set forth:

"We are prepared to say that an efficient, but not revolting, fugitive-slave law should be passed, and that its passage should be followed by a repeal of the personal-liberty

followed by a repeal of the personal-interty bills.

"We are almost prepared to say that the Territories may be safely left to take care of themselves, and when they contain the requisite population, may come into the Union with a State Government of their own, not conflicting with the Constitution of the United States. This, in view of the surroundings of the Territory belonging to the United States; in view of the fact that, for four years at least, freedom will have fairplay and view of two other elements, emigragration and the census; this, we say, almost gration and the census; this, we say, almost constrains us to believe we may now confine the future of the Turritories to the intelligence and patriotism of those we are to ad-

mit.

"If this suggestion is insidvisable, there is another which contemplates a division of the remaining territory of the United States as in 1820, when the Missouri Compromise-line was established. To this we shall be told that the compact was violated, and that the South can not be trusted. Perhaps it would be so again, but not in our grangestion. be so again, but not in our generation, nor in the next, nor indeed until the lessons, of

Senator Seward has been here for three days, and left to-day for Aubura.

It is believed here that the Journal article represents the views of Mr. Lincoln.

From St. Louis. Sr. Louis, December 17.—The St. Louis Brigade returned yesterday morning and were received by a detachment of the National Guards remaining at home.

General Foote dismissed the troops after a brief complimentary address, after which they partook of a samptuous dinner at the National Guards' Armory, Barnun's Hatal

National Guards' Armory, Barnum's Hotel and other places. The occasion was replete with expressions of friendship and congratu-

THIRTY-SINTH LONGRESS--- SECOND SESSION.

Washinston, December 17, SENATE—Mr. Clark's resolution of inquiry, requesting the President to inform the Senate what number of men are stationed at Forts Moultire and Sumpter, and whether, in his judgment, the number was sufficient to defend those forts sgainst any attack or domeatic violence; whether additional men had been ordered to either of said forts, or any steps taken to put them in condition to resist any attack; in whose custody the arsenal at Charles too by them in condition to resist any attack; in whose custody the arsenal at Charles too is placed; what arms and property are there kept, or, if removed, by whom; why said arms are not put in possession of officers of the United States upon a requisition, or if this bus over been refused; and forther, what instructions have been given to the officers of said forts in case of a demand to surreader them by any person in authority made upon them? Also, the copies of any correspondence between the Commander-in-Chief of the American Army relative to the necessity of supplying the of-WASHINGTON, December 17, ciative to the necessity of supplying the of-

Mr. Brown objected to its consideration, and it was laid over.

Fifteen thousand copies of the President's Message and accompanying documents were

ordered.

Mr. Wilson introduced a joint resolution for the repeal of the resolution of June 15, for the relief of Wm. H. Degroot, which was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Green moved that Wednesday and Thursday of next week be set apart for tersiterial business. Agreed to.

ritorial business. Agreed to.
At one o'clock Mr. Powell's resolution was aken up.

Mr. Wade said he had very little faith in

rgument, under the circumstances now exgrowing out of the recent election was any cause for the present condition of the country. If the papers are to be credited, there is a reign of terror in the South equal to that in Paris. He did not blame the South, for they had been led to believe that the Republican Party will trample on all their rights, and by our avowed enemies at the North. He would be the last man to advoother State. These personal-liberty bills were not made to degrade the South, but to protect the free States from unhavul seizures; where the South has lost one man we have lost ten by unlawful mobs. The South own the Senate and President, and he did not see what they had to complain of. He not see what they had to companion. He then went on to argue that the Republican Party was now the same as it had ever been; that it stood where Washington, Jofferson, Jackson and Clay stood; it holds to the doc-trince that slavery shall not exist in the

Territories. He then asked if the South had any thing He then asked if the South had any thing to complain of in the character, habits or principles of Mr. Lincoln and the Vica-President, and said the day of comprouse is at an end. After the experience we have had in Congress, it is absolutely ridiculous to talk about them. The moment the American people cut loose from the sheet-anchor of liberty that moment the Republic is at an end; we must submit to the unmistakable verdict of the people. He said he would yield to no compromise; we had won the victory as others had, and there were no compromises to make. The controversy compromises to make. The controversy must be met alone by the Constitution, and when we go astray from that we shall get into difficulty. The South claims the con-stitutional right to secode from the Union; if that be so we have not, and never had any

Government, South Carolina is a small State, and we should not miss her much if swallowed up by an earthquake to-morrow. For himsel of this Congress and a supporter of the Constitution, he could not do so. A State has no constitutional right to go out; they can revolutionize; if they conquer they are right; if they are conquered they are rebels. No new State shall be admitted into the Union without the correct of two thirds of all the without the consent of two-thirds of all the members of both branches of Congress, and the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be entered on the journals, and which shall be entered on the Journass, and every bill for such purpose shall be subjected to the approvat or rejection of the President of the United States, as in other cases, ex-cepting when returned it shall require three-fourths of both Houses to pass it.

fourths of both Houses to pass it.

Mr. Wade did not see cause to apprehend that war would be made on seceding States, but asserted the right to do so if they saw fit. He explained the duties of the President under his obligations to the whole country, and said even after secession, which fact the President was not slow to recognize, every Federal right would be exercised, among ch is the collection of revenue. The Chief Magistrate must collect the revenue precisely the same as in every other State; no State can be released from that obliga-tion, for the Constitution demands it. Wha follows if the seceding States shut up her ports of entry, so that ships can not dis-charge their cargoes? Then ships will cease to go there, or if the Government blockades her ports to collect revenue, then she will not have gained her independence by sees-

If she will feel contented to live under this equivocal state of things, all will be well, but she can not do so. What will she do? She must take the initiative and declare war upon the United States; then force must be met by force, and she must show out her in-dependence by violence and war. The act of levying war is treason against the United States. That is the result, and we may as well look the matter in the face, The Sen-ator from Texas says the South will force an ignominious treaty from us in Faneuil Hall; to this he would answer: "Well you may to this he would answer: "Well you may; we know your power; we know your brayery; we do not want to fight with you, but nevertheless, if you drive us to the necessity, we will use all our powers to maintain the government intact in all its integrity. If we are overthrown, the government will be subverted, as thousands of other governments have been. If you are the weakest, then you must go to the wall, that is all there is about; that is the condition in which we now stand, and I can see no power in the Constitution that will release the Senator

We now stand, and I can see no power in the Constitution that will release the Senator from this position."

Mr. Wade continued at considerable length; contending that the present troubles were mainly attributable to misrepresentations of the Republican party and its objects, Mr. Johnson, of Tennessee, got the floor. The Senate adjourned. The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE-John Cochrane offered a pream-ble, setting forth that a conflict of opinion, threatening the peace and harmony of the Union, has arisen concerning the true intent Union, has arisen concerning the true intent and meaning of that part of the Constitution relating to slavery within the United States, and that the opinion of the majority of the Supreme Court of the United States, as delivered by Chief Justice Taney, recognizing slaves as property, should be received as the settlement of the question. He proposed an amendment to the Constitution, that Congress shall have the power to establish governments for any Territory, and the people therein having adopted a State Constitution, may be admitted into the Union, and that neither Congress nor the people, during their Territorial condition, should pass a law to annul or impair the right of property therein. Referred to the Select Committee.

Mr. Florence submitted the following:

Referred to the Select Committee.

Mr. Florence submitted the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the United States: The right of property in slaves is recognized, and no law shall be passed and nothing done to impair, obstruct or prevent the full and free enjoyment and use of such right in any Territory and other property of the United States.

Wednesday and Thursday were set apart for the consideration of Territorial business. The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Interior, asking for an appropriation to supply the deficiencies for the suppression of the slave trade for the fiscal years ending 1861 and 1862.

On motion of Mr. Carter two weeks from next Thursday was set apart for the consideration of business relating to the District of Columbia.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Interior, asking for an appropriation to supply the deficiencies for the suppression of the slave trade for the fiscal years ending 1861 and 1862.

On motion of Mr. Carter two weeks from next Thursday was set apart for the consideration of business relating to the District of Columbia.

Mr. Adams, of Ky., introduced a bill to more effectually protect the rights of the citizens of the United States. It provides punishment for obstruction to the execution of the Fugitive-slave Law and damages for the loss of a rescued slave double the amount of value. Referred.

Mr. Scott introduced a bill authorizing the Postmaster-General to contract with the Pony Express for the transportation of the

Pony Express for the transportation of the Government mail matter. Referred.

Mr. Sickies introduced a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Postoffice Committee to report a bill establishing a Metropolitan Letter-delivery within a circuit of twelve miles of the City Hall, New York.

Mr. Adrain offered the following:

"Wheneas, The Constitution of the United States is the supreme law of the land, and its rendy and faithful obedience is a duty of good and law-abiding citizens, therefore:

"Resolved: That we deprecate the spirit of disobedience to the Constitution wherever manifested, and that we earnestly recommend the repeal of all statutes by the State Legislatures in conflict with, and in relation of, that sacred instrument and the laws of Congress passed in pursuance thereof."

Congress passed in pursuance thereof."

John Cochrane effered an amendment to include in the recommendation the repeal of ersonal-liberty bills, so-called. [Applause.] Mr. Sherman wished Mr. Adrain to accept another amendment, so as to include all the

another amendment, so as to include all the nullification laws.

Mr. Adrain objected.

Mr. Lovsjoy said the previous question was ordered on the resolution before Mr. Cochrane's amendment was accepted.

Mr. Adrain said he had ordered the previous question on the resolution so amended. [Impatient critics of "question" from the Democratic side.]

cratic side.]
The House proceeded to vote on ordering the main question.

Mr. Barksdale said the gentlemen having taken this matter into their own hands must decide it themselves; he had no proposition

or a compromise to make and n Mr. Singleton agreed with his colleague saying he had no advice to give to Missis-sippi, and if he had advice to give, his State would not heed if.

would not heed it.

Mr. Sherman again ineffectually tried to
have the words "all nullifying laws" inserted
after the words "personal-liberty bills."

He was called to order from the opposite A voice-"No such statutes on the book.

make an explanation, and was called to order amid confusion and cries of "question." Mr. Wells wabted a division of the ques-Mr. Florence observed that this was a mere

The main question was ordered, 106 to 55. Mr. Washburne, of Maine, endeavored to

special objection; the Constitution and laws ought to be observed.

Alt. Spinner and several others said they would vote "no," because the nullifying laws were not included.

Mr. Branch wanted to know what nullifi-

cation laws exist. cation laws exist.

The resolution was adopted by 151 to 14; the presmble was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Lovejoy offered a resolution similar to Mr. Adrain's with the addition of recommending the appeal of all nullifying laws, and asserting that it is the duty of the Pres-ident to protect and defend the property of the United States.

Mr. Lovejoy moved a suspension of th rules.
Mr. Burnett did not see why his friend should not vote on this resolution, and wished to offer an amendment, which Mr. Lovejoy refused to accept.

Objection was made from the Democratic

Mr. Crawford raised a point that the reso-lution was not in order, which the Speake overruled. Mr. Crawford said they were now under-taking to fool each other. Let a resolution be introduced showing what Southern right

be introduced showing what Southern right are and vote on it.

Mr. Logan said the only objection he has to the resolution was, it said "law-abiding citizens;" he thought all men ought to respect the Constitution.

Mr. Lovejoy modified his resolution by striking out the word "law-abiding."

Impatient cries of "question" from the Ropublican side.

Inpatient cries of "question" from the Republican side.

Air. Barksdale believed the resolution was intended as a fraud on the people of the country, for its author had here declared he was opposed to the rendition of fugitive-slaves, and he dare not deny it.

Renewed cries of "order."

Mr. Lovejoy replied "That has nothing to do with this resolution."

o with this resolution."

Mr. Hughes wanted to know whether there were any pullification acts except personalliberty bills,
There was no response,
The resolution was adopted—124 ayes to no mays.

Mr. Hill, before the result was announced, confessed his astonishment and gratifica-

tion at the exhibition on the part of the geateman from Illinois.

Mr. Lovejoy objected to Mr. Hill giving an interpretation to his proposition.

The Speaker said a debate was not is: order.
Mr. Hill, resuming—"It affords me, nevertheless, a great satisfaction."
Mr. Florence—"The gentleman has forgotten that while the hmp holds out to burn, the vilest sinner may return. [Laughter.]
Mr. Lovejoy—"There's some hope for you."
[Renewed laughter.]
Mr. Branch, believing the effect of the resolution was countenancing civil war.

resolution was countenancing civil war, therefore declined to vote.

Mr. Burnett did not believe the resolution admitted of any construction; for himself, he would not vote for any thing looking to

the use of force by the President.

Mr. Morris, under a suspension of the rules, offered the following, saying it contained the language of Washington's farewell address.

The resolution expresses a proper estimation of the value of our National Union; that we will discountenance whoever mey suggest even a suspicion that it can, in any event, be abandoned; that we indignantly frown upon the first dawning of every at-tempt to alienate any portion of our country; that whatever evils or abuses rest under it ought to be corrected within the Union, in a peaceful and constitutional way, and that it is a patriotic duty to stand by it as our hope in peace and our defense in war."

The resolution was passed.

Ar. Crawford offered a resolution declaring that the Constitution recognizes property in slaves; that Congress has passed laws to aid slaveholders in retaking slaves when they have excaped into free States; that the Supreme Court has decided that negroes were the court has decided that negroes were not included in the Declaration of Inde-pendence or Constitution, except as slaves, and can not become citizens, and we will support the construction of the Constitution, the laws and the decision of the Supreme

Court.
Reuben Davis asked and was excused from serving on the select Committee of Thirty-three, saying that the committee will yield nothing to the South.
Pending Mr. Crawford's resolution, the Honce adjourned.

From South Carolina The Secession Con-

COLUMNIA, S. C., Documber 17.—A heavy and almost obscuring tog hangs like a pall over Columbia, creating a general gloom. The small-pox panic is intense among the citizens and strangers. Many members of the Legislature have gone home. A strong effort will be made to-day to adjourn the Legislature and Convention to Charleston. If not, the Convention will probably promptly pass an ordinance of secession, and adjourn to-day.

LATER.—The Convention assembled at noon. General Jamison was temporary vention.

noon. General Jamison was temporary Chairman. The call is now progressing for the delegates from districts and parishes to

An invitation from the Legislature to the Convention to participate in the inauguration of the Governor, at two o'clock, was laid on the table till the Convention organized. The enrolling of members was then continued.

LADIES' HOURS-From 1 to 2, and 6 to 7 P. M., on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. delect

And continue, in the afternoons and evenings, un-til January 2.

THE DAILY PRESS.